

Zinc Oxide, USP

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulation

Revision Date: 11-Feb-2021 Supersedes: 20-Dec-2017

1 PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Synonyms: INCI Name: CAS Number: Formula:	Zinc Oxide, USF Not available Zinc Oxide 1314-13-2 ZnO	5		Distributor: Address: Phone / Fax: Web:	XI'AN AOGU BIOTECH CO.,LTD Room 606,Block B3,Jinye Times,No.32,East Section of Jinye Road,Yanta District, Xi'an Shaanxi 710065 China 0086-29-89121514 0086-18091843361 www.aogubio.com
Product Form:	Powder				-
Product Use:	Cosmetic use			Emergency Telepi (Chemtrec)	hone Number: 0086-18091843361
2 HAZARDS IDEN	TIFICATION				
GHS Classification GHS Labeling: GHS Hazard Picto GHS Hazard State GHS Precautionar Potential Health H NFPA Ratings (704	grams: ments: y Statements: lazards:	Not classified Not a dangerous s None None Eyes: Not expected Inhalation: Not ex Skin: Not expected Ingestion: Not ex Health Flammability Reactivity Specific Hazard	ed to be in xpected to ed to be irr pected to 1 0 0 E	ritant. be irritant. itant.	
3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
Component Zinc Oxide		AS No. 314-13-2		<u>Weight %</u> 100%	<u>Molecular Weight</u> 81.38 g/mol

Other naturally occurring impurities below SDS threshold limits.

After manufacturing during handling & storage, product degrades with exposure to air acquiring some moisture and zinc carbonate (ZnCO3) & carbonate.

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Inhalation:	In case of eye contact, rinse with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Move to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest. Seek medical attention if necessary.
Skin:	Wash with soap and water. Seek medical attention if necessary.
Ingestion:	Drink plenty of water. Do Not Induce Vomiting! Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.
Most Important	Acute: dry cough, headache
Symptoms:	Chronic: none (overexposure has no lasting effects) Indication of any immediate treatment needed: Bad cough or headache. In these instances, move person to fresh air. No special treatment known.



Suitable (and unsuitable)	Product is not flammable. Use appropriate media for adjacent fire. Cool unopened
extinguishing media:	containers with water.
Special protective equipment &	Wear self-contained, approved breathing apparatus and full protective clothing,
precautions for firefighters:	including eye protection and boots.
Flash Points:	None known
Specific hazards arising from the	None known. Avoid release of fire control water containing zinc oxide to the
chemical:	environment. See also Stability and Reactivity section.
6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	S

Personal precautions:	Wear protective clothing, dust respirator, and goggles in bulk excess dust conditions. Shovel up spills into appropriate labeled container. Dry spills, not mixed with other chemicals, may be recyclable. See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions:	Avoid liquid release into sewers/public water. Notify environmental authorities in case of large leaks.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Recover the product by vacuum. Use damp cloth for small area. Avoid sweeping to reduce creation of airborne dust. Dispose of all waste and cleanup materials in accordance with regulations

HANDLING & STORAGE

ons for safe :	Wear protective clothing, dust respirator, and goggles in bulk excess dust conditions. See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. Keep container closed when not in use.
ns for safe	

Conditions for safe storage, incl. any incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and incompatible materials (see section 10 for incompatibilities).

Basis

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Com	ponent
Zinc	Oxide

Precautio handling:

> Exposure Limits 15 mg/m³ (dust) 5 mg/m^3 (dust) 10 mg/m^3 (fume) 2 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 5 mg/m^3 (fume) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 15 mg/m³ (total dust) 10 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 2 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 2 mg/m^3 (respirable) 10 mg/m³ (respirable) 2 mg/m^3 (respirable) 10 mg/m³ (respirable) 2 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 5 mg/m^3 (fume) 10 mg/m^3 (fume) 10 mg/m³ (powder) 10 mg/m³ (smoke) 5 mg/m³ (smokeNON-010)

CEIL TWA (10hr) STEL (15 min) TWA (8h) TWA (8h) TWA (8h) TWA (8h) STEL (15 min) LMPE-PPT (8h) LMPE-CT (15 min) LMPE-PPT (8h)

NIOSH REL (US, 10/2013) ACGIH TLV (US, 4/2014)

NIOSH REL (US, 10/2013)

Entity

ACGIH TLV (US, 4/2014) OSHA PEL (US, 2/2013) OSHA PEL (US, 2/2013) OSHA PEL (US, 2/2013) OSHA PEL (US, 2/2013) US ACGIH 4/2012 (Canada) US ACGIH 4/2012 (Canada) AB 4/2009 (Canada) AB 4/2009 (Canada) BC 7/2013 (Canada) BC 7/2013 (Canada) ON 1/2013 (Canada) ON 1/2013 (Canada) QC 1/2014 (Canada) QC 1/2014 (Canada) NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000) NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000) NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000)

TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work.

TLV: Threshold Limit Value over 8 hours of work.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels



SDS (Safety Data Sheet)

PEL: Permissible Exposu	re Limit CEIL: Ceiling
Personal Protection	on:
Eyes:	Recommend safety glasses in bulk dust conditions.
Inhalation:	Recommend dust filter mask in bulk dust conditions. Must wear respiratory of proper type if exposure above 8hr TWA PEL.
Skin:	Recommend long sleeves in bulk dust conditions. Recommend gloves to reduce drying of skin.
Other:	Use good personal hygiene practices. Provide eyewash stations, quick-drench showers and washing facilities accessible to areas of use and handling.
Routes of Entry:	Inhalation; Dermal; Eyes; Digestion

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Solid, powder or pellet, granular	Vapor Pressure:	Not applicable (melting point above 300°C)
Odor: Odor Threshold:	Odorless No data available	Vapor Density: Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable No data available
Color:	White, off-white, cream, grayish, or yellowish	Flammability:	Not flammable. Will not burn
Molecular Weight:	81.38 (ZnO)	Upper/lower Explosive Limit:	Not applicable
pH:	Neutral, 6.8-8 (7.37 nominal)	Flash Point:	Not applicable to inorganic substances
Boiling Point:	Not applicable; substance decomposes before boiling	Specific Gravity:	5.68 g/cm ³
Melting Point:	Will not melt. Malleable above 300°C/57°2F. Sublimation temp 1975°C.	Solubility:	In bases and acids
Relative Density:	5.68 g/cm ³	Auto-Ignition Temperature:	Not auto-
Partition Coefficient: n- octanol/water:	Not applicable to inorganic substances	Decomposition Temperature:	flammable Not applicable
Viscosity:	No data available	Explosive Properties:	No data available Will not freeze.
Oxidizing Properties:	No data available	Freezing Point:	Malleable above 300°C/57°2F. Sublimation temp 1975°C.

Granulometry:

D50 1.05µm, D80 <20µm

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Chemical Stability: Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Conditions to Avoid: Hazardous Decomposition Products: Incompatible Materials:	Stable under normal dry air conditions. Product is stable None. Keep from getting wet (will damage substance usefulness) None Heated magnesium. Chlorinated rubber above 25°C. Brodust decomposes in acids and bacos
Decomposition:	Product decomposes in acids and bases.
Degradation:	Slow degrade to zinc carbonate (not hazardous)*

*ZnO + CO₂ in ambient air -> ZnCO₃ zinc carbonate. Rate accelerated with higher m2/g surface area or damp storage conditions. Shelf life: One year from date of manufacturing for rubber applications (due to potential dispersion problems with ZnCO₃ hard particulate formation), eighteen months for USP, EP, and most other applications.



Acute Toxicity:	With LD50 values consistently exceeding 2000 mg/kg bw, slightly soluble compounds such as, zinc oxide (LD50 ranges between 5000-15000 mg/kg bw) show low level of acute oral toxicity, not leading to classification for acute oral toxicity. Zinc oxide is shown to be of low acute inhalation toxicity (i.e., LC50 values of >5.7 mg/L/4hrs), not leading to classification for acute inhalation toxicity.
Skin:	Not irritant (Löser, 1977; Lansdown, 1991)
Eyes:	Not irritant (Van Huygevort, 1999e; Thijssen, 1978; Löser, 1977)
Respiratory:	Not irritant (Klimi-sh et al, 1982)
	LC50 (Inhalation): >5.7 mg/L (4h) (Klimisch and Freisberg (1982))
la ana té an c	LC50 (dusts and mists): >5700 mg/m3 (4h) (Klimisch and Freisberg (1982))
Ingestion:	Not irritant (zinc oxide is used as a human vitamin supplement)
	LD50:15000 mg/kg (Löser (1972))
Carcinogenicity:	LD50: >5000 mg/kg (Löser (1977)) Not a NTP/IARC Carcinogen
Teratogenicity:	No data available
Germ Cell Mutagenicity:	No biologically relevant genotoxic activity.
Embryotoxicity:	No data available
Specific Target Organ Toxicity:	Repeated exposure: None (Lam et al., 1985, 1988; Conner et al., 1988) Single exposure: None (Heydon and Kagan, 1990; Gordon et al., 1992; Mueller and Seger, 1985)
Reproductive Toxicity:	No evidence of reproductive toxicity
Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:	No data available
Corrosivity:	No data available
Sensitization:	No sensitizing effects known (Van Huygevoort, 1999g, h)
Irritation:	No data available
Repeated Dose Toxicity:	No data available

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Aquatic Vertebrate: Aquatic Invertebrate:	Acute EC50: 0.413 mg/L Zn (48h) (<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>) Acute EC50: 0.136 mg/L Zn (72h) (<i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i>) 62% solubilization capacity at 1mg/L at pH 8: For pH <7: 0.67 mg Zn/L (based on 48h <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> test cf. above) For pH >7-8.5: 0.21 mg Zn/L (based on 72h <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> test cf. above)
Terrestrial:	No data available
Persistence and Degradability:	N/A, zinc is an element
Bioaccumulative Potential:	N/A, ZnO does not bioaccumulate or biomagnify
Mobility in Soil:	N/A
PBT and vPvB Assessment:	N/A, zinc oxide is not a PBT or vPvB.
Other Adverse Effects:	None

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

 Waste Residues:
 USEPA Law: waste zinc oxide must be TCLP testing to determine proper disposal classification. Substance will generally pass TCLP. State Law: Material may be regulated locally as industrial or special waste. Recyclable: Waste material not co0mingles with other substances may be recyclable. Contact Zinc Oxide LLC for further information. This material, if sent for recycling, is exempt from US Federal, State, and local waste regulated waste

 Product Containers:
 Product Containers:

Product Containers: Empty used packaging is not regulated waste.

The information in section 13 is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the waste classification and proper disposal methods



SDS (Safety Data Sheet)

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (Dept. of Transportation, USA): TDG (Transportation of Dangerous Goods, Canada): IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods): IATA (International Air Transport Association): ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization): Not regulated No data available No data available No data available No data available

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory Status:	Yes, listed, notification not required.
DSCL (EEC):	Yes, listed.
NDSL (Canada):	No, not listed, notification not required.
EU EINECS/ELINCS/NLP:	EINECS: Yes, on inventory.
	ELINCS: No, notification/reporting not required.
China IECSC:	Yes, listed.
China IECIC (06.30.2014):	No data available
Australia AICS:	Yes, listed.
ASIA-PAC:	Yes, listed.
SWISS:	Yes, listed.
Philippines PICCS:	Yes, listed.
Japan ENCS:	Yes, listed.
Korea KECI:	Yes, listed.
New Zealand:	Yes, listed.
Taiwan:	Yes, listed.
US Regulations:	Not transport regulated in the US (USDOT 49CFR172), Canada, or Mexico.
Transportation:	HS Tariff Class#: 2817.00.0000, preference B
SARA 302:	Name listed (zinc). RQ = None, TPQ = None.
SARA 312:	Yes, acute hazard, EPCRA Tier 2 must be filed with state and local agencies.
SARA 313:	Yes, TRI on Form R must be filed for Zn & Pb Compounds if usage is above threshold.
CA. Prop 65:	No, ZnO is not a Prop 65 listed substance. Impurities Pb & Cd listed.
CAA 112, 61 HAP:	No, not regulated, no Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP's)
FIFRA 152 et seq:	No, product is not subject to FIFRA registration.
CERCLA 102/103:	Zinc is on Name List, RQ = None.
CONEG:	Compliant.
ODS/ODC 82:	No ozone depleting substances.
USFDA:	Approved by FDA. Substance is listed as GRAS as 21CFR182.8991 (GRAS = Generally
	Recognized as Safe) and may be used in any FDA regulation where use of a GRAS
	substance is authorized including an ingredient in food and in food contact in rubber
	articles ad 21CFR177.2600(c)(1); Food can linings and coatings at 21CFR175.300(b)(2),
	and Plastics at 21CFR170.30(d).
REACH (EEA):	17-2120064320-70-0000 REACH Pre-Registration valid for tonnage band till June 1, 2018.
	OR Information: ROR, UK, +44(0) 1565 724241, email: <u>alerts@RORltd.com</u>
Transportation:	This product tis listed by EU regulation as transport regulated in EU/EEA member
0,416	countries by EU regulations.
SVHC:	Zinc oxide is not an SVHC. Impurities are below SVHC or candidate SVHC thresholds.
Nano:	This product is not nano (per EU definition of nano as 50% particles <0.1um)

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date:	11-Feb-2021
Compliance:	This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200
Disclaimer:	This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. Such information is to be the best of the company's knowledge and believed accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee of any kind, express or implied, is made as to its



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